



François-Xavier Jean

Composer

France, Montpellier

About the artist

Contemporary artist, born in Paris, Jean François-Xavier has made many very young stays in the northern countries such as Denmark, Germany, Canada or Norway, where he lived for many years. Impressed by the beautiful scenery, there will always seek to translate emotions and memories in music. The artist prefers modal music. Following Bela Bartok, it uses specific scales. After rediscovering Bach, Bartok and Schoenberg divine proportion, he uses it in his harmonic writing. A feeling of weightlessness and delicacy often flooded his abstract soundscapes.

Qualification: emeritus composer

Personal web: francoisxavierjean.wordpress.com/

About the piece



Title: Aphorism Op.25, No.01
Composer: Jean, François-Xavier
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Instrumentation: Flute and Orchestra
Style: Early 20th century

François-Xavier Jean on [free-scores.com](http://www.free-scores.com)

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Jean, François-Xavier

aPhorism

op.25 , No.01

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aPhorism

op.25, No.01

concerto solo & org 2nd

Jean, François-Xavier

Andante

Flûte
Clarinettes en Sib
Contrebasson
Violin
Viola
Violoncelles
Violoncelles
Contrebass

mf *1. 2nd note*
p
mf *1. 2nd note*
p
mf
p
mf
p

Breathe

aPhorism op.25 , No.01

Dans cet Andante, une des voix, alternativement, joue le rôle du chant, c'est à dire le rôle de la mélodie principale. Les autres voix jouent le rôle du contrepoint. Le chant est libre. Tous les intervalles lui sont possibles. Le contrepoint, lui, est à respecter certains intervalles. Dans une partie de la pièce, le contrepoint évolue de voix en voix en utilisant uniquement les intervalles de 2^{de} min et maj. Dans une autre partie, le contrepoint utilise la 3^{ce} min et maj. Dans une autre partie, toute l'échelle dorée est employée: la 2^{de} min et maj, la 3^{ce} min, la 4^{te} et la 6^{te} min.

Bien sûr, les doublures ici des cordes par les bois ne permettront pas comme dans d'autres oeuvres récentes de suivre facilement cette construction abondamment développée dans les préfaces de oeuvres antérieures. A la demande de mon ami compositeur Aaron Alexander Cotton, j'ai essayé d'amplifier mon écriture avec d'avantage d'instruments. J'espère que cet essai plaira à mon auditeur. Cordialement.

In this Andante, one voice, alternately plays the chant, that is to say the falling within of the main melody. Other voices play role of counterpoint. The chant is free. All intervals are possible to him. Counterpoint, must observe certain intervals. In one part of the piece, counterpoint evolves from voice to voice using only the min and major 2nd intervals . In another part, counterpoint uses min and maj 3rd intervalls. In a third part, all the golden scale is used: min & maj 2nd, min 3rd, 4th, min 6th.

Of course, strings here mingle with woods. Reading construction of the work then becomes more difficult. At the request of a friend of mine who is a composer, Aaron Alexander Cotton, I tried to amplify my writing using more instruments. I hope this trial will please the hearer.. Cordially.

Jean Francois-Xavier. June 22, 2012.

aPhorism

op.25 , No.01

contrpt min & maj 2nd

Jean, François-Xavier

Andante

The musical score is arranged in a system of seven staves. The instruments and their parts are as follows:

- Flûte:** Treble clef, starts with a *mf* dynamic. The 13th note is marked with a *viv* (vibrato) symbol.
- Clarinete en Sib:** Treble clef, starts with a *p* dynamic. It features a *tr* (trill) in the second measure.
- Contrebasson:** Bass clef, starts with a *p* dynamic. It features a *tr* (trill) in the second measure.
- Violin:** Treble clef, starts with a *mf* dynamic. The 13th note is marked with a *viv* (vibrato) symbol.
- Viola:** Alto clef, starts with a *p* dynamic. It features a *tr* (trill) in the first measure and a *mf* dynamic in the third measure.
- Violoncelles:** Bass clef, starts with a *p* dynamic. It features a *tr* (trill) in the first measure and a *mf* dynamic in the third measure.
- Violoncelles (second staff):** Bass clef, starts with a *p* dynamic in the fourth measure.
- Contrabass:** Bass clef, starts with a *p* dynamic in the fourth measure.

5

p

p

p

p

p

p

11 **A**

ff

pp

pp

ff

mf

mf

pp

pp

tr

p *crpt min and maj 3rd* *21th eight*

f

p *21th eight*



p *crpt min and maj 2nd*

Musical score for measures 48-52. The score is arranged in six systems. The first system features a treble clef staff with dynamics *ff* and *mp*, and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The second system features a treble clef staff with dynamics *f* and *mp*, and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The third system features a bass clef staff with *mp* and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The fourth system features a bass clef staff with *mp* and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The fifth system features a bass clef staff with *mp* and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The sixth system features a bass clef staff with *mp* and a bass clef staff with *mp*. Trills and accents are marked throughout.

Musical score for measures 53-57. The score is arranged in six systems. The first system features a treble clef staff with dynamics *mp* and trills, and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The second system features a treble clef staff with dynamics *mp* and trills, and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The third system features a treble clef staff with dynamics *mp* and trills, and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The fourth system features a treble clef staff with dynamics *mp* and trills, and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The fifth system features a treble clef staff with dynamics *mp* and trills, and a bass clef staff with *mp*. The sixth system features a treble clef staff with dynamics *mp* and trills, and a bass clef staff with *mp*. Trills and accents are marked throughout.

57

57

f

p

tr

mf

mp

tr

mp

61

mf

mf

p

p

This musical score consists of seven systems of staves. The first system includes a treble clef staff with a melodic line and a bass clef staff with a bass line. The second system has a treble clef staff with a melodic line and a bass clef staff with a bass line. The third system has a treble clef staff with a melodic line and a bass clef staff with a bass line. The fourth system has a bass clef staff with a bass line. The fifth system has a bass clef staff with a bass line. The sixth system has a bass clef staff with a bass line. The seventh system has a bass clef staff with a bass line. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamics. The dynamic *ff* (fortissimo) is used in several places, indicating a strong, loud sound. The score is written in a key signature with one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of 4/4.